קדיש יתום **MOURNER'S KADDISH TRANSLITERATION**

Kaddish is a prayer recited by mourners and those observing a yahrzeit, in the presence of a minyan. It is a sanctification of God and a sanctification of life, rather than a prayer about death. It praises God and asks for a better world. As such, its frequent recitation during prayer and especially at a shiva, provides a clue to the ongoing miracle of Jewish survival.

How so? When saying Kaddish, we emphasise our faith in God's sovereignty and the importance of sanctifying life each day through positive actions, even at a time of mourning, by saying Kaddish.

The commitments expressed in Kaddish bring spiritual merit to the soul of the deceased and challenges us, hard as it can be, to avoid depression by resolving to contribute to life as best as we can. (Dayan Ivan Binstock)

This card has extracts of Kaddish from a siddur (The Authorised Daily Prayer Book) for ease of use during services.

Kaddish Yatom (Mourner's Kaddish): This Kaddish follows Aleinu as well as certain psalms, such as the daily psalm recited in Shacharit or Musaf prayers. It does not include the line starting with 'Titkabal'. Originally, it was not associated with people in mourning. Page 232.

The transliteration can be found at the end of the Siddur.

Mourner: Mourner:

(Cong יתגדל ויתקדש שמה רבא. (אָמָן Yitgadal v'yitkadash sh'meh rabba.

, בְּעַלְמָא דִי־בָרָא כָרְעוּתָה. וְיַמְלִיך מַלְכוּתָה, B'al'ma dee v'ra chiruteh, v'yamleech malchuteh, b'chayaychon, uv-yomaychon, uv-chayay dee chol beyt בִּחַיֵּיכוֹן וּבִיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבִחַיֵּי דִי־כַל־בֵית יִשָּׂרָאֵל, (Cong. בַּעֵגָלָא וּבִזְמַן קָרִיב. וְאָמְרוּ אָמֵן. (אָמֵן Yisra-el, ba-agala uvizman kareev, v'imru Amen.

All: All:

יהא שמה רבא מברך לעלם ולעלמי עלמיא. Y'heh sh'meh rabba mevarach l'alam ulal'mei al'ma-ya.

Mourpor: Mourpor

Produtier.	Houmer.
יִתְבָּרַךְ וְיִשְׁתַּבַּח וְיִתְפָאַר וְיִתְרוֹמַם וְיִתְנַשֵׂא	Yitbarach v'yishtabach v'yitpa-ar v'yitromam v'yitnaseh
וְיִתְהַדֵּר וְיִתְעַלֶה וְיִתְהַלֵּל שְׁמֵה דְּי־קָדְשָׁא	v'yit-hadar v'yitaleh v'yit-hallal sh'meh dee kudsha,
(Cong בְּרִיךְ הוּא (בְּרִיךְ הוּא) בְרִיךְ הוּא	b'reech hu.
לְעֵלָא וִשִׁירָתָא וְשִׁירָתָא (Between Rosh Hashanah and Yom Kippur add: לְעֵלָא (לְעֵלָא)	L'ela ^{(Between Rosh Hashanah} and Yom Kippur add: L'ela) min kol birchata v'sheerata
ָּתִּשְׁבְּחָתָאֹ וְנָחֱמָתָא, דַּי־אֲמִירָן בְּעָלְמָא. וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן.	tushb'chata v'nechemata, dee amiran b'al'ma, v'imru,
(Cong. אָמֵן)	Amen.
יְהֵא שְׁלָמָא רַבָּא מִן־שְׁמַיָּא, וְחַיִּים עָלֵינוּ וְעַל־כָּל־	Y'heh sh'lama rabba min sh'maya v'chayim aleynu
ישָׁרָאֵל. וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן. (אָמֵן Cong)	v'al kol Yisra-el v'imru Amen.
Bow, take three steps back, then bow, first left, then right, then centre, while saying:	Bow, take three steps back, then bow, first left, then right, then centre, while saying:
עֹשֶׂה שָׁלוֹם בִּמְרוֹמָיו, הוּא יַעֲשֶׂה שָׁלוֹם עָלֵינוּ, וְעַל־כָּל־יִשְׂרָאֵל. וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן. (אָמֵן Cong.)	Oseh shalom bimromav, hu ya'aseh shalom aleynu, v'al kol Yisra-el, v'imru Amen.

קדיש דרבנן **RABBANAN KADDISH TRANSLITERATION**

Kaddish Derabanan (Rabbinic Kaddish): This is recited after the study of recitation of rabbinic literature, such as the Talmudic sources starting with 'Pitum Haketoret' at the end of the Musaf prayers. It includes a prayer for the welfare of those who teach and study Torah. Page 34.

The transliteration can be found at the end of the Siddur.

Mourner: Mourner:

(Cong יתגדל ויתקדש שמה רבא. (אָמן בעלמא הי־ברא כרעוּתה. וימליר מלכוּתה, בחייכון וביומיכון ובחיי די־כל־בּית ישׂראל, (Cong. בַעֵגַלַא וּבִזְמַן קָרִיב. וָאָמְרוּ אַמֵן. (אָמֵן

Yitgadal v'yitkadash sh'meh rabba. B'al'ma dee v'ra chiruteh, v'yamleech malchuteh, b'chayaychon, uv-yomaychon, uv-chayay dee chol beyt

Yisra-el, ba-agala uvizman kareev, v'imru Amen.

יהא שמה רבא מברך לעלם ולעלמי עלמַיא.

Mourner: Mourner:

יִתְבָּרַך וִיִשְׁתַבַּח וִיתִפַּאַר וִיתִרוֹמַם וִיתִנשא וִיִתְהַדֵּר וִיִתְעַלֶה וִיִתְהַלֵּל שָׁמֵה דִּי־קִדְשָׁא (Cong, בִּרִיךְ הוּא בִּרִיך אָרָעָלָא א ויאָירָתָא (Between Rosh Hashanah and Yom Kippur add: לְעֵלָא (לְעֵלָא השבחתא ונחמתא, די־אַמִירן בּעַלמא. ואָמָרוּ (Cong אָמֵן. (אַמֵן

עַל יִשְׂרַאֵל וִעַל רַבָּנָן, וִעַל תַּלְמִידֵיהוֹן וִעַל כָּל תַּלְמִידֵי ַתַלְמִידֵיהוֹן, וְעַל כָּל־מָן דִי עָסִקִין בִּאוֹרַיִתָא, די באתרא הדן ודי בכל אתר ואתר. יָהֶא לְהוֹן וּלְכוֹן שָׁלַמֵא רַבַּא, חַנַּא וַחְסָדַא וַרַחֲמִין, וְחַיִּין אָרִיכִין, וּמִזוֹנַא רִוִיחַא, וּפַרִקַנָא מן־קָדָם אֲבוּהוֹן דִי בְשָׁמַיָּא. וְאָמְרוּ אָמֵן, (Cong. אמן) יָהֶא שָׁלַמֵא רַבַּא מִן־שָׁמַיַא, וְחַיִים טוֹבִים עַלֵינוּ וְעַל־ (Cong. כל־ישראל. ואמרו אמן. (אמן

Yitbarach v'yishtabach v'yitpa-ar v'yitromam v'yitnaseh v'yit-hadar v'yitaleh v'yit-hallal sh'meh dee kudsha, b'reech hu.

Y'heh sh'meh rabba mevarach l'alam ulal'mei al'ma-ya.

L'ela ^{(Between Rosh Hashanah} and Yom Kippur add: L'ela) min kol birchata v'sheerata tushb'chata v'nechemata, dee amiran b'al'ma, v'imru, Amen.

Al Yisra-el, v'al rabbanan, v'al talmeedayhon, v'al kol talmeeday talmeedayhon, v'al kol man dee as'keen b'oryta dee b'atra haden v'dee bechol attar v'attar, Yehay lehon ulchon sh'lama rabba,

Chinna v'chisda v'rachamin v'chayyin areecheen, umzona r'veecha, uforkana min kodam avuhon dee vishmaya, v'imru Amen.

Y'heh sh'lama rabba min sh'maya v'chayim tovim aleynu v'al kol Yisra-el v'imru Amen.

Bow, take three steps back, then bow, first Bow, take three steps back, then bow, first left, then right, then centre, while saying: left, then right, then centre, while saying:

Oseh shalom bimromav, hu b'rachamav ya'aseh עשה שַׁלוֹם בִּמְרוֹמֵיו, הוּא בְּרָחֵמֵיו יָעֵשֵׂה שַׁלוֹם (Cong עַלֵינוֹ, וְעָל־כָּל־יִשְׁרָאֶל. וְאָמְרוּ אַמֵן. (אָמֵן shalom aleynu, v'al kol Yisra-el, v'imru Amen.

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